# By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune.

Extension of the Capitol. The House Committee bave agreed upon a plan for the extension of the Capitol, by additional wings on morth and south. The Senate Committee have not yet concurred, but they are expected to do so at the next meeting.

A dispatch just received by the Mayor states that Knickerbocker and Hale, the murderers of Harkner, were arrested at Warren, Pa this morning by C. A. Waldson of this city. They will be brought home for trial.

Marine News.

NORFOLK, Monday, Jan. 27.

The U. S. steamer Saranac sailed on Saturday night for the West Indies. The weather here is very fine and pleasant.

Weather Hems.

By Morres Line, Office 11 Wall-st.

BUFFALO, Monday, Jan. 27—8 A.M.

Cloudy and unpleasant; wind from north; thermometer 37½; barometer 29.40 and rising; prospect of snow and growing colder.

Recurrent Weather Items.

Pect of show and Schester, Monday, Jan.27—9 A.M.

Wind north-east, cold and raw: prospect of snow; thermometer 28; yesterday was a beauti-AUBURN, Monday, Jan 27-9 A.M.

Cold, cloudy morning, and has just commenced snowing; wind north; thermometer 26.

Synactist Monday, Jac. 27-9 A.M.
Wind north-west; thermometer 31; snowing a
little with prospects of a heavy storm. Oswego, Monday, Jan. 27—9 A.M.
Light wind from north: thermometer 22½; every
appearance at present of a snow storm.

Utica, Monday, Jan. 27-9 A.M. Cloudy with cold north-west wind; thermometer 24; barometer 29.8 30. ALBANY, Monday, Jan. 27—9 A.M.

Clear and beautiful morning; not a cloud to be
een; wind north-east; thermometer 21, barome-

ter 30. 215. TROY, Monday, Jan. 27-9 A M. Clear and pleasantly cool; thermometer 24 sky without a cloud; no wind.

Quesec. Monday, Jan. 27-9 A.M.
Thermometer, 12; barometer, 29.84; wind orth; weather cloudy and unsettled yet; it has been a continual storm for three days past.

MONTREAL, Montay, Jan 27-9 A.M.
Thermometer 4 above; barometer, 30.15; storn ceased at noon yesterday; wind east, and more KINGSTON, Monday, Jan. 27-9A M.

Weather clear; thermometer 12 above.
TORONTO, Monday, Jan. 27-9 A.M. Weather cloudy and appearance of a storm; thermometer, 22.

Pennsylvania Legislatere-Fugitive Slave Laws-General Banking, &c. Correspondence of The Tribune

HARRISBURG, Saturday, Jan. 25. Yesterday, Mr. GUERNSEY, of the Judiciary Committee, (representing with Mr. Ives the 18th Senatorial District, composed of the Counties of Tioga, Elk, Potter, McKean and Clearfield,) reported the bill to repeal certain sections of the anti-Kidnapping laws, with a recommendation that it be negatived.

Mr. MUHLENBERG of Berks moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the bill; upon which motion the Yeas and Nays were demand ed, and the bill laid on the table by a vote of Yeas 16, Nays 17.

In the House of Representatives a similar effort is being made, the Committee on the Judiciary having reported, as committed, the Act read in place by Gen. BRINDLE of Lycoming. This will give you some idea of the simultaneous effort to push these bills through the Legislature, although I am sanguine the bill of which the following is a copy can never pass both Houses:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, for That the third, fourth and Efth sections of the Act entitled "An Act to prevent Kidzapping, preserve the public peace, prohibit the exercise of certain powers heretofore exercised by Judges, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Jailors, in this Commonwealth, and to repeal certain slave laws," passed the 3d day of March, A. D. 1847, he and the same are hereby repealed.

In connection with this great question, we had a Fugitive Slave case yesterday before U.S. Com missioner McAllister, almost under the eaves of the Capitol at noonday. The Daily Americans published at this place during the Session, and said to be the organ of Gov. Johnston, evinces its delight at the quietness which characterized the whole proceedings, by chronicling this as the third or fourth case which has occurred under the Fagitive Slave Law, and the fugitive delivered without creating the slightest disturbance. "These facts," says the American, " are highly il lustrative of the law abiding character of our people, and shows their devotion to the Constitution and laws of the Union predominates over every other feeling!" His Excellency will have to repudiate the popular idea of the new Daily being his organ, else the public will be disposed to doubt his consistency.

Mr. KILLINGER of Lebanon called up the Joint Resolutions introduced by Mr. Dobbins relative to the Tariff. Considerable flutter was made by the unterrified on this very important subject, involving alike their fealty to party and an oft-betrayed constituency. An effort was made to choke the subject off, but this was met by a peremptory call of the Yeas and Nays for the consideration of the Resolves. The vote on this call stood as follows:

Yeas.—Messrs. Armstrong, Baldwin, Benedict, Bigham, Blaine, Bowen, Broomail, Brower, Cowden, Dobbins, Dungan, Evans, Betäs; Evans, Indians; Fife, Freeman, Gibbs, Gossler, Hamilton, Hart, Hunsecker, Killinger, Kunkel, Laughlin, Leech, Lilly, Linton, Maciay, M'Cluskey, M'Kee, M'Lean, M'Reynolds, M'Sherry, Mowry, Somerset; Nissley, O'Neill, Facker, Penniman, Reid, Raby, Riddic, Robertson, Scofield, Shaffer, Saugert, Silfer, Smith, Struthers, Van Horne, Walker, 49

erison, Scoheld, Shaffer, Shugert, Silfer, Smith, Struthers, Van Horne, Walker—49

NAYS—Mesara Bigelow, Blair, Brindle, Cassiday, Demeta, Downer, Ely, Feather, Fegely, Fretz, Gabe, Goodwin, Griffin, Gufley, Haldeman, Hemphil, Huptet, Jackson, Laury, Leet, M'Cardy, M'Kean, Morris, Mowry, Wyoming; Patten, Reckhow, Reifsnyder, Rhoads, Roberts, Shull, Simpson, Skinner, Soader, Bteward, Thomas, Trone, Cossna, Speaker—37.

So the House decided to consider. Immediately on the vote being taken, a motion

was made to adjourn, and the time frittered and shuffled away up to the hour of adjournment, (10 b'clock,) in this meanest of all legislative subterfuges. This question of the Tariff will come up next week, and will doubtless call forth much debate. I annex the resolution :

Revieed, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Geograf Assembly met: That our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our Representatives requested to use their best efforts to procure a modification of the existing Tariff Laws, so as to more effectually protect the Iron and Coal Interests of this Commonwealth, and also to advocate a further amendment to the said laws, so that the dutes may be levied at home and not on the foreign valuation, and that the docenor be requested to have copies of this resolution forwarded to each Senator and Representative in Congress now assembled.

A very decided expression of sentiment is displayed in regard to the Free Banking system. The following is a copy of a petition circulated throughout the State, and is receiving hosts of

signatures:

To the Scente and House of Representatives of Pu.

The undersigned chizens of
The the present system of beaking, the privilege of
furtishing a paper currency is monopoided by a few instinations, which are thereby enabled to make large profits
without affording the community any reliable security
light the present of their failure. A bank controlled by
Imprudent or dishonest officers may, with little or no actual
capital, issue notes to a vast amount to the great isjury of
legitimate trade, and ultimately entailing loss upon the latheoret holders of its notes

These evils would be oursely obvisied by the proposed
system. In no event could at fank be started without actual capital, nor could the circulation ever exceed the
amount of the security placed in sthe hands of the proper
authority for its redempton. The business of banking
would be thrown open to all, and the demorralizing influence of corporations dealring special privileges be removed
from the legislative halls.

The experience of New-York, where both systems have
been fairly tried, has demonstrated the great experiority of
the Free or General, over the old system, and your petilinears conceive it to be the part of whatom for a community to press by the experience of its neighbors.

Your set the provisions to
not do were a superstraint as the wisdom
of your honorable bodies may suggest.

Yours, &c.

Dalphin.

Yours, &c.

THE LATE CASE OF IMPRISONMENT OF AN AMERICAN SEA CAPTAIN AT HAYTI .- We learn from the Messrs. Lewis, of this city, owners of the brig Leander, that Capt. Mayo, the former commander, is now on his way to this city from Ber-muda, via Halifax. Some of the crew have al-ready arrived at New-York. The Leander, it will be remembered, was lost at sea on the way from Cape Haytien to Boston, and the crew taken into Bermuda. Relative to the imprisonment of Capt.
Mayo, at Cape Haytien, we have the following particulars: Capt. Mayo applied to the authorities of Cape Haytien to arrest one of his crew who had deserted. The man was arrested, placed in jail, and afterwards delivered up to the captain. The man swore to be revenged, and shortly after wards. wards gave information to the Haytien authorities that Capt. Mayo had smuggled \$9,000 worth of dry goods into that port. Though the whole cargo of the Leander amounted to less than the alleged value smuggled, yet Capt. Mayo was arrested by the authorities of the port, and thrown into the common criminal prison, a place of most disgust-

ing filth and misery, where from three to five hundred negroes are at times in confinement.

To a petition from the U. S. Agent, that he might be confined in the fort, the answer was that it was too good a place for a "white" man. Here Capt. Mayo remained six days, and was at length released without examination, the authorities having become convinced of the groundless-ness of the charges against him. The U.S. Agent then made a formal demand for damages, and so alarmed were the authorities that Prince Bobo, the chief in command, was about to grant it, when Baron La Groue arrived from the Capital. He also assented to the justice of the claim, but said it could not be paid without an order from the Emperor, with whom cash is quite scarce at A short time since an English schooner at Aux Cayes received and obtained from the Haytien Government \$5,000 damages for a less aggravated outrage. It is a singular fact, that the man who thus unjustly accused Capt Mayo, died on the passage home of fever, contracted while in the prison at Cape Haytien. Bost. Trav. 25th.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES -Washington, Thursday, Jan. 23, 1851.-Chauncy Donaldson, Esq. of Pennsylvania, and Frederick Cunningham, Esq. of the City of New-York, (late of Westchester County.) were admitted Attorneys and Counsellors of this Court. No. 56 R.C. Stockton vs. J. C. Ford. Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for Louisiana. Mr. Justice Nelson delivered the opinion of this Court, affirming the decree of the said Circuit Court in this cause, with costs. No. 51. J. H. McCoy Appeal from the Circuit Court of the United States for Louisiana. Mr. Justice Catron delivered the opinion of this Court reversing the decree of the said Circuit Court, and remanding this cause for further proceedings, in conformity to the opinion of this Court. No. 55 P McGillvs J. C. Armour. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for Louisiana. Mr. Justice McLean delivered the opinion of this Court, affirming the judgment of the said Circuit Court in this cause, with costs. No. 63. E. B. St. John, plaintiff in with costs. error vs. Z. A. Paine, et al. The argument of this cause was continued by Mr. Wood for the plain tiff in error, and by Mr. Gillett for the defendants in error. Adjourned until to morrow, 11 o'clock

FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW .- Action of the First Presbyterian Church of Chicago .- The First Pres byterian Church of Chicago, Ill, recently passed a series of strong resolutions in opposition to the series of strong resolutions in opposition to the Fugitive Slave Law. They argue that the forcible return of persons to bondage, after they have escaped from it is in all cases wrong; and a repetition of the original wrong of enslaving them; and no whit less criminal than the first stealing or buying them on the coast of Africa The reasons put forward in support of this proposition are:

First: Slavery is based upon might not right;
men being made slaves, and continued so by force.

men being made slaves, and continued so by force alone, whether that force be legalised or lawless. And inasmuch as that force can beget no right, the condition of slavery ceases whensoever the slave escapes from the territory where slave-law exists; as an Algerine captive in 1805 would cease to be a captive the moment he escaped from the Alger ine territory; and for Tunis or Tripoli to have given up such an escaped captive would have been no less an outrage than the first capture

Secondly: That such enslaving of mea is directly opposed to the law of love, since no man can force back a fugitive into slavery in the exercise

## Subscriptions received to the Weekly Tribane.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 25.
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Montpelier, Vt	AY, Jan. 22.  Waterville, N. Y.  Fort Plain, N. Y.  West Winsted, Conn.  Purdy's Station, N. Y.
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# Subscriptons received to the Semi-Weekly

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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"THE WOMEN OF ISRAEL," by GRACE AGUILAR, (2 vols. 12mo. D. Appleton & Co.) is a glowing tribute to the female worth described in the Scriptures, and recorded in subsequent portions of the Jewish history. It is written with carnest eloquence, and deep religious and patriotic feeling. The following passage with regard to the condition of domestic service among the ancient Jews throws light on a subject which has recently been much discussed by theological Professors and Doctors of Divinity.

Some over-refined natures are horrified at the idea of being sold to service—of the very term of slave (the Hebrew word, by the way, signifies servant or domestic also); and taking up the position that the law of Moses countenanced similar treffic as the alway trade in all its modern. lar traffic as the slave trade in all its modern hor rors, make it the grand objection to regarding the religion as the revelation of God. Yet no one who really studies the Word of God, can entertain an idea so erroneous for a moment. Perpetual slavery
—the awful sacrifice of all home effections, all human emotions, that horrible system which permit-ted man to regard his brother man as a beast of the field, to be bought and sold, live and die at his will-was utterly unknown in Israel. The term "selling" a son or daughter, simply signified the receiving beforehand the price of six years' labor, which six years the slave (so called) was equal to his master in every thing but actual labor. was to share in every feast, every rejoicing, sit at his master's table, listen to the law, accept every convenant of God, be clothed, fed, and cared for, and at the term of his release be so liberally treat ed individually, as to enable him, if he pleased, to quit service, and enter into independent business for himself, or remain, from pure affection or coluntary relinquishment of freedom, for ever with his master. This was the actual state of slavery in Israel, productive of a three-fold good. It saved many a parent from beholding the utter destitution of his children; gave him the means of working for himself by the price received for their six years labor; assured him of their temporal and apiritual welfare and of their being cared for, on their release, far better than he could for them much as he loved them; prevented all those hor rible incentives to crime and misery produced the abject destitution of many a Gentile land united master and servant in the sweet and holy ties of brotherhood, alike of religion, tribe, and land; subject to one law, worshipping one God caring for the helpless and the weak, and making every household where the laws of God were obeyed one of heavenly harmony and love. In Israel there was no surplus of hands of work; none of those fearful temptations to sin in being thrown out of employ, in the ina-bility to meet the heavy taxes and other drains upon the poor. The law in its every item spoke of God, and revealed Him as a God of love. He alone could have framed statutes entering into every man's household, guided his conduct from his parents to his very servants; shielding com-passionating, loving every individual in Israel, from the high pricat to the lowest slave.

"THE ISLAND WORLD OF THE PACIFIC," by HENRY T. CHEEVER, is a record of personal observations made at the Sandwich Islands and other parts of Polynesia, during a recent tour .-The volume presents a mass of information with regard to the history, geography, and commercial and political condition of those islands, brought down to the present time, and digested into a compact and readable form. Mr. Cheever writes in an easy and often careless style, but seems to have well considered his facts, which have a genera air of authenticity. His book cannot fail to be widely read during the present excitement in regard to everything connected with the Pacific Ocean. We do not consider its value enhanced by the flux of common-place poetical quotations, with which it is inundated, nor by the stale moralizings which are lugged in on every convenient and inconvenient occasion. The impatient reader must often be tempted to beseech the author to go on with his story and let him do the reflecting for himself. (12mo. pp. 406. Harper & Brothers.)

"HACKLEY'S TRIGONOMETRY," (George P. Putnam |-We have already expressed our opinion of the great scientific merits of this work by the able Professor of Mathematics in Columbia College, and are glad to fortify it with the eminent authority of Prof. Gill. late Editor of the "Mathematical Miscellany, who has favored us with the following notice

"When we say that the work presents a com plete view of the science of Trigonometry, in the advanced state it has attained at the present day: that it gives a more extensive and a more searching application of the science to Surveying, Navi gation, Nautical Astronomy, Geodesy, &c. than perhaps any single existing treatise, and de cidedly a greater variety of well selected examples on each subject than can be found in any similar work-we have said enough to call the attention of the Student of Mathematics, the Practical Surveyor, the Navigator, and the Engineer, to a book which we are sure must attain the highest standing among its class."

"THE NEW-ENGLAND HISTORICAL AND GENEALOGICAL REGISTER," January, is filled with racy memorials of the primeval age of New-England, its Editors exhibiting an antiquarian eathusiasm which might even be envied by Old Mortality. Every article in this number offers a precious morceau to the amateurs of mouldering chronicles. who delight to forsake the excitements of the day for the sombre quiet of church-yard inscriptions and family registers. Among other curious documents we find the Journal of Capt. John Stottard and Rev. John Williams, (the "Redeemed Cap. tive,") who were sent by Gov. Dudley, as messen. ger to treat with the Marquis de Vaudreuil at Quebec for the liberation of divers English prisoners; an original letter of Rev Samuel Hopkins; Inscriptions from the old Burying-ground of Peekskill; Graduates of Harvard originating at Salem; Passengers for Virginia, July 1635; Records of Windsor, Ct.; Memoirs of the Stebbins Family, with a variety of personal and genealogical reminiscenses, illustrating the early social condition of New-England. The Register is edited with excellent judgment by a committee, at the head of which is the distinguished Massachusetts antiqua ry, Rev. Joseph B. Felt. (Boston: S. G. Drake New York: C. M. Saxton.

"Instructions in Gymnastics," by J. E. D'ALFONCE, is a systematic treatise on the science and art of Gymnastics, with a fall description of more than eight hundred exercises, and illustrated by five hundred engravings. The practical teacher of Gymnastias must find an invaluable manual in this volume, while the pupil may obtain important aid from its suggestions in pur suing this useful branch of education. The author has had the benefit of a long experience with various classes of pupils, the results of which be pre' sents in a perspicuous and forcible manner. The engravings in illustration of the positions and movements of the different exercises are admirably executed, and succeed in presenting a clear notion of the maneuvers to be performed. We can recommend this work to the teachers of Common Schools, who, with a simple apparatus, and the instructions here imparted, can introduce a system of physical exercise among their pupils. with equal advantage to their health and mental

Geo. P. Putnam has issued the Fifth Vol. ume of "Cooper's Leather Stocking Tales," containing the "PRAIRIES." This novel com pletes the history of Leather Stocking, who is no more the hunter and the warrior, but a trapper of the great West, where he passes the few closing years of his life, dying as he had lived, a philosopher of the wilderness. (12mo. pp. 479.)

"THE NORTH AMERICAN HOMEOPATHIC JOURNAL" is the title of a new Quarterly Maga: zine of Medicine and the Auxiliary Sciences, conducted by Dr. HERING of Philadelphia, and Drs. MARCY and METCALF of New-York. The first number, which is issued in a superior style of typography, has a variety of original and translated papers by the Editors; a profound and independent inquiry into the Principles and Practice of Ho meopathy, by Dr. Hempel; a copious record of current medical literature, and a well selected digest of miscellaneous facts and opinions interesting to Homeopathic practitioners. The medical views of which it is the organ are propounded with clearness and sustained with ability. (Wm-

"POEMS OF SENTIMENT AND IMAGINA. TION," by FRANCES A. and METTA V. FULLER, is a collection of the poetical writings of two young sisters of the West, who have already gained a flattering distinction among the female authors of this country. Presented to the critical public with a graceful timidity as the "first offering of young hearts," it would be an invidious task to dwell too severely on their defects. It cannot be concealed that they betray a want of experience and of high artistic culture; but their genuine naturalness, their healthy fervor of feeling, their vigor and boldness of thought, and their frequent felicities of expression, evince a richness of nature and a true poetic inspiration, which give no presage of future mediocrity. (8vo. pp. 264. A S. Barnes & Co.)

"A GUIDE TO THE SCIENTIFIC KNOWL EDGE OF THINGS FAMILIAR," by Rev. Dr. BREW. ER, is a revised edition of a popular English work, containing a familiar answer to some two thousand questions, which are daily asked concerning the common phenomena of life. The principal subjects of which it treats are Light, Heat, and the Atmosphere. Every effort has been made to secure the accuracy of the answers, not only the most approved modern authors hav ing been consulted, but each edition submitted to the revision of gentlemen of acknowledged repu tation for scientific attainments. (12mo. pp. 426 C. S. Francis & Co.)

"HOME BALLADS," by ABBY ALLIN, pur. ports to be a book for New-Englanders, and is evidently the production of a writer who is at home on New-England soil, and deeply imbaed both with the principles and prejudices of the universal Yankee nation. Some of her pictures of home life are drawn with a faithful pencil, and often present touches of genuine pathos. It will do no harm to the young emigrant to put a copy of this volume in his pocket, before starting for Minnesota or California. (Boston: James Munroe

"PRACTICAL MERCANTILE CORRESPOND-ENCE," by WILLIAM ANDERSON, is a collection of genuine commercial letters, of recent dates, adapted to give a correct insight into the business of the counting house. It is accompanied with critical and explanatory notes. an analytical index, and an appendix contain a variety of forms for the usual transaction of mercantile business. As an authentic guide to the routine of the counting room, it may be consulted to great advantage by those who are commencing their mercantile education. (12140. pp. 379. D. Appleton & Co.)

CATALOGUE OF THE MERCANTILE LIBRA-RY IN NEW YORK" gives a gratifying proof of the prosperity of that Institution, and a forms a valtable contribution to the statistics of bibliography. It contains the titles of the books composing the library, in alphabetical order, describing the edi. tions, together with a classified index, which affords a convenient key to the volume. The present number of volumes in the library is 31,699, being an increase of over 25,000 volumes in twenty years. (8vo. pp. 376. Baker, Godwin & Co.)

"MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS," by THOMAS DE QUINCY .- Another volume of the cultivated writings of this original and subtle thinker, containng Essays on Macbeth, Murder as one of the Fine Arts, Joan of Arc, The English Mail Coach, The Vision of Sudden Death, and Dinner Real and Reputed. They are overflowing with the peculiar genius of the author, and, apart from the rich vein f reflection which they open, are unrivaled as studies of English expression. (12mo. pp. 250.-Boston: Ticknor, Reed & Fields.)

"LIVES OF THE QUEENS OF SCOTLAND," vol. I contains the Lives of Margaret Tudor, Queen of James IV .- of Magdalene of France, first Queen of James V .- and of Mary of Lorraine, second Queen of James V. The Life of Mary Stuart will occupy two successive volumes of the series. The present biographies are marked by the careful research, high moral tone, and brilliant writing which have given such eminent success to the "Lives of the Queens of England." (12mo. pp. 374. Harper & Brothers)

CELEBRATED SALGONS, BY MADAME GAY, AND PARISIAN LETTERS, BY MADANE GIRARDIN," translated from the French by L. WILLARD .-This little volume gives some piquant illustrations of the interior of French society, by eye witnesses on the spot. Without pretending to great novelty, it presents a succession of lively pictures, forming a spirited and readable work. The translation is easy and graceful, and apparently faithful to the original. (24mo. pp. 260. Boston: Crosby & Nichols. Sold by C. S. Fran-

THE LONDON ART JOURNAL," Jan. is an admirable number of that valuable periodical. Among other illustrations, it has an exquisite engraving of the Monument to the Countess of Leicester, representing an angel carrying a young infant, and leading with it the mother to the gates of Heaven. The figures are invested with an aerial grace, while the whole expression of the group is one of delicate and touching beauty. (C. S. Francis & Co.)

"THE DIOSMA; A PERENNIAL," by Miss H. F. Goven, (sold by Dawitt & Davenport,) is a collection of poems, by various authors, including reveral from the pen of the compiler, which are now presented to the public for the first time. The selections are made with great judgment, and the original pieces do credit to the fancy and feeling of the popular authoress.

De "Occasional Poems," by Mrs. Susan HILL Tonn, is the production of a new aspirant or poetical fame. They are for the most part inspired by the domestic sentiments, and exhibit considerable fluency of language, without claiming any remarkable vigor or originality. (Boston: Crosby & Nichols. Sold by C. S. Francis & Co.) " CHRIST'S SECOND COMING," by Rev.

DAVID BROWN, is a reprint of an elaborate work on the Second Advent, by a clergymaan of the Free Church in Glasgow. It shows a protound study of the Scriptures, and a familiar acquaintance with theological and classical learning -(12mo, pp. 499. Robert Carter & Brothers)

THE PHOTOGRAPHIC ART JOURNAL, Jan .- H. H. SNELLING, Editor: is a new monthly devoted to the illustration and improvement of the Daguerreian Art. It is got up in an attractive and elegant style, and contains a great amount of information on the condition and prospects of the art in this country. (W. B. Smith)

DENTS OF THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY" for 1851, gives the names of 76 students, of whom 10 are graduates of the New-York University, 31 are from the State of New-York and 16 from New-England. The Seminary is open for the admission of Students from every denomination of Christians. Every student is subject to a charge of \$10 a year for the general expenses of the Seminary, but no further charge is made either for rooms, library or instruction. No public worship is held in the Seminary on Sundays. The Library contains 18,000 volumes The Professors are Rev. Dr. Robinson, Rev. T. H. Skinner and Rev. Henry B. Smith, the last named highly accomplished scholar having been recently added to the Faculty.

"TALLIS'S DRAMATIC MAGAZINE," No. 2, has been received from Tallis & Co. It is filled with well-written articles and intelligence relating to the drama, and with its elegant exterior bids fair to become a favorite periodical.

"JOHN FOSTER ON MISSIONS," is a reprint of the celebrated discourse of the author before the Baptist Missionary Society in 1818, with a Preliminary Essay on the Skepticism of the Church, by Rev. Mr. Thompson, of the Broadway Tabernacie. (24mo.pp. 206. Edward H. Fletcher.)

"THE RESTORATION OF THE JEWS," by SETH LEWIS, is a work on the prophecies of the Old and New Testaments, by a former Judge of the District Court of Louisiana. It maintains the doctrine of a literal restoration of the Jews to the Holy Land. (12mo. pp 204. J. S. Redfield.)

"MANUAL OF ANCIENT GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY," by WILHELM PUTZ, translated from the German, is issued in a second edition by D. Appleton & Co.

"THE BIBLICAL REPERTORY AND PRINCE. TON REVIEW," Jan. bristles with theological learn. ing and unmitigated soundness of doctrine. The principal subjects are Public Libraries, Miracles, The Prophet Habakuk, The Vedantists of Young Bengal, and Conscience and the Constitution. (Philadelphia: Wm. H. Mitchell.)

#### LAW COURTS.

United States Court. ... Monday, Jan. 27. Judge Nelson, we understand, has appointed his son J. W. Nelson, Esq. Counsellor at Law, (firm Newton & Nelson,) Clerk of the U. S. Circuit Court, in this city, vacant by the death of Mr. Gar-

Superior Court .... Monday, Jan. 27.

TRANSFERRED TERM.

Before Judges Duer, Mason and Campbell

Jas. Morgan vs. Alex. Masterson et al. Executors.—To set aside the will of Alexander Morgan, deceased.—The will provided that the Executors should accumulate the rents and profits of the estate for three years, and if at the end of that time the Corporation would give a site, and an equal amount with the value of the estate of the deceased were raised by that and others, for the erection of Monument to the Memory of Washington, said estate, after the payment of its debts, &c was to be applied to that purpose; but in the event of an equal amount not being raised at the end of three years, then the estate to be divided between the ew-York Hospital and the Institutions for the Blind and the Deaf and Dumb.

Mr. Morgan, we believe, was a native of Scotland, but long resident in this city. He was a stone cutter by occupation, and an unmarried man. He left very considerable real estate. The plain-tiff, we believe, is a nephew and one of the next of kin. He suesto set aside the will on the ground that it is void by law, the estate having been tied up, (being what is called suspending the power of dienation.) for a term of years, instead of the arrangement being one or two lives, the former be-

ing against the statute.

The Court, in rendering its decision, said it had struggled in vain to think there was no suspen aion of the power of alienation. It thinks the law, as it stands, defective and inconvenient. It fortunately happens that the estate reverts to good hands, the heirs being poor, &c.

A remainder which is to take effect only at the end of a certain term, is not valid Will set

aside, and reference to ascertain who are next of By the rule, a person cannot appropriate his

By the rule, a person cannot appropriate his estate for a specific object at the end of a certain term of years, though he may do so to take effect at the end of two lives, or one, as he may see it.]

Thos. T. Bloodgood's executor vs Herman Bruen's executors, ye.—This was a claim to recover a note given by Thomas H. Smith & Son, in 1828, for \$10,000 at 90 days Mr. Geo. W. Bruen was the sole partner, and son in law of Mr. Smith. Mr. S. died previous to the note be

coming due This note has been sued, we believe, only within The defense was the statute three or four years. The defense was the statute of limitations. To this it was contended not to come within the statute of limitations, as the will of Mr. Smith commenced with a clause intimating that his debts should be paid, and that said clause formed a trust under the will, &c which does not come within the statute of limitations.

The Court, in giving its decision, stated that the usual clause in a will "after the payment of my just debts," &c. is not swih a clause as to create a trust—and particularly would it not be in the will of Mr. Smith, who evidently considered that there would be more than enough personal property to pay all the debts of the estate. So far as the will is concerned, therefore, there is nothing to bar of the statute of limitations running against the On the other hand it was said that Mr. George

On the other hand it was an attached to the debt to render it valid. It was in 1842, in answer to a bill filed by Mr. Cowperthwaite, Mr. Bruen sat forth certain debts due by the estate of Thomas H. Smith & Son, among them this note, being then, with interest, \$20,000, for which the assets of the estate of Thomas H. Smith and of T. H S. & Son were liable. The proceedings were against George W. Bruen and the estate of Thomas H. Smith. He made out an aggregate amount of debts due of \$132,000, exclusive of judgments by the United States against the firm for \$800,000. It was admitted there was but one debt due to Bloodgood. Mr. Bruen in that not only acknowledged his obligation, but his willingness to pay. The Court considers that sufficient to retain the vitality of the note. Ordered that the amount be a good and subsisting claim against the estate of Thomas H. Smith, &c. The original amount of the note was \$10,000,

but, with interest, is now about \$25,000. Mr. George W. Bruen, as is known, is also deceased, having died within the last year. His lady, who having died within the last year. survives him, was daughter of Mr. Smith She has children. Thomas H. Smith & Son, it will be remembered, was one of the largest East India bouses in the City, and owed the Government, at the time of Mr. S.'s death, a very large sum for duties, and on which judgment were obtained. Although supposed to be very wealthy, and having an immense real and personal property in pos-session, Mr. S. we have heard it intimated, in act died insolvent, but through compromises and beneficial operations, much of the incumbrance In the Iddings and Bruen controversy (at the has been cleared.

time spoken cl as to Mr. Cowperthwate.) Mr. George W. Broen showed that the estate owed him a very large sum, he being one of the executors, and we believe the only one that acted, the amount due to him, we believe, being stated as at \$600,000 or \$700,000. The Court, at that time, made an order that after the debts were paid, the residue of the estate should be paid over to Mr. Geo. W. B. This claim, we believe, was assigned, or sold, and it is said to have been bought in for his advantage. The other hers of Mr. Smith being disposed, and threatening to contest this, a compromise was made satisfactory to all.

Although, as already stated, the estate would

en and was unable, from its then assets, to meet the claims against it, yet the rise in large quantity of at that time unimproved and un-productive property on the Stuyvesant meadows and the places in the city, has netted some \$500. coo, of which there are claims for about \$20,000, leaving some \$400,000 to be divided between Mrs. Bruen, Mrs. F. Waddell, their brother, and one

or two other beirs.]

The City of New York, appellants, ads. A. M. C Smith, respondent.—Mr. S. as contractor for building a sewer, sued in the Court below to recover \$500, a balance due on said contract. A defense was set up that a clause existed in the coa-

"CATALOGUE OF THE OFFICERS AND STU- tract that if the City was made liable for any damage arising to individuals by negligence while constructing said sewer, the contractor should make it good; and that in this case Messrs. Delmonico sued the City for injury to goods in their

monico sued the City for injury to goods in their vaults arising from negligence in bailding the sewer and recovered. [We understand the City had to pay about \$3,000.] The Court before which the case was tried refused to permit the testimony to be given, and a verdict for balance was rendered for Mr. S. Appeal is made.

This Court considers that the Court below erred in not admitting the testimony. Verdict set aside and new trial ordered, costs to abide event.

Francis S. Lathrop et. al. vs. Martin Loomis—Verdict for defendant set aside, and new trial

Verdict for defendant set aside, and new trial granted. Costs to abide event. Brez vs. Crump.-Judgment for defendant on demurrur. Ashmead vs. Corant.-Judgment at Special

Term reversed.

Gilhooley vs. Washington —Judgment at Special
Term affirmed. Before Judge Campbell.

Humphreys vs. Smith.—Re hearing denied.

Echezurea vs. Chas. J. Smith and wife.—

Cause to be noticed for re hearing POINT OF PRACTICE.

Jos. H. Chickester and others vs. Johnston Livingston and others.—The defendant was subpernaed for examination as a witness under the 6th

chapter of the code. The defendant has answered, but the plaintiff has not replied, and the cause not in issue.

Held by the Justice after consultation with all the other Judges, that a party cannot be examined before issue unless upon special application or affidavit, showing the necessity of such examina-

tion. No such special application having been made in this case, the examination cannot proceed, but the plaintiff may renew his motion, if he wishes, upon proper affidavit.

### COMMON COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

OFFICIAL.] Board of Aldermen. STATED SESSION... Mosbay, Jan. 27.

Present—Morgan Morgans, Esq. President,
Ald. Griffin, Sturtevant, Oakley, Chapman, Smith, Bail,
Haws, Miller, Shaw, Cook, Bard, Britton, Delamater,
Franklin, Concklin, Dooley.

The President, being absent at Roll call, on motion of Ald.
Cook, Ald. Franklin was appointed fresident protein.

The Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

By the President—Petiton of Wm Tvson, to be compensated for loss of horse, occasioned by falling into a hole in Broadway. Referred to Committee on Finance.

By the President—Petition of C. C. Tabor, to be relieved from erroneous personal tax in Seventeenth Ward for 1849. Referred to Committee on Finance.

By Ald. Surrievant—Memorial of John P. Fensier, relative to buisance at 37 Deyeat. Referred to Committee on Law Department.

By Aid. Startevant—Memorial of John 1. Season, Town the to missance at 37 Dey-at. Referred to Committee on Law Department.

By Aid. Britton—Petition of G. Knapp, for a Lease of Catherine-stip Ferry. Referred to Committee on Ferries.

By Aid. Surrevant—Petition of Thomas A. Davis, to have Broady ay from Bleecker at to Amity-st. paved with castliron. Referred to Committee on Streets.

By Aid. Milier: Petition of Samuel W. Walker and others relative to Taxation on Schools. Referred to Committee on Law Department.

By Aid. Griffin: Petition of George W. Elmore and others, owners and occupants of property in Fulton-st. to have awning posts removed from said street. Referred to Committee on Streets.

By Aid. Slaw: Petition of F. W. Lamberson to be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds. Referred to Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By Aid. Bard: Petition of Edward J. Inadden and others for a second class Fire Engine to be located near the boundaries of the 14th and 6th Wards. Referred to Committee on Fire Department.

By Aid. Franklin: Petition of Joseph Reynolds and John L. Gannon to have their names in the Firemens' Register changed from expulsions to resignations. Referred to Committee on Fire Department.

By Aid. Detamater: Petition of Thomas Walters and others, owners and occupants of property in 7th-st. to have a sewer in said street from 10th-ay to Hudson River. Referred to Committee on Sewers.

By Ald. Cook. Petition of Thomas M. Ent and others to

a sewer in and street roll forms. The same as the same ferred to Committee on Sewers

By Ald. Cooks. Petition of Thomas M. Ent and others to have Delancy-st. from Mangin-st. to Goerick-st. flagged.—

Referred to Committee on Streets.

By Ald. Griffin: Remonstrance of Robert Gordon against the widening of and extensing Trielty Place. Referred to Committee on Streets.

REFORTS

A communication was received from the Counsel to the Corporation, in reference to the petition of W. C. H. Waddell, to be relieved from an assessment for ragulating 38th at between the 5th and 6th ava. Alderman Griffin moved to lay the same on the table, which was lost on a division, viz. Affirmative—Ald Griffin, the Provident, Ald. Smith, Cook, Britton, Delamater, Franklis, Doubey—S. Negative—Ald. Sturtevant, Oakley, Chapman, Ball, Haws, Miller, Shaw, Bard—S.

Aid. Sturtevant, Oakley, Chapman, Ball, Haws, Miller, Shaw, Bard—8.
Aid. Sturtevant moved that this Board concur in the action of the Board of Assistants, as recommended by the Counsel, which was lost on a division, viz.; Afternative—Aid. Sturtevant, Oakley, Chapman, Smith, Miller, Shaw, Delamater—7. Negative—Aid. Griffin, Ball, Haws, Cook, Bard, Britton, Frankim. Dooley—8.
Aid. Miller moved to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking up document No. 15, being a communication from the Croton Aqueduct Department Board with an ordinance to modify the water rates, which was carried.
The ordinance was then considered, and af or discussion thereon. Aid. Sturtevant moved to lay the same on the table until the next meeting, which was carried.
On motion of Aid. Haws, the Board then adjourned to meet to-morrow, 23th inst, at 5 o'clock P.
D.T. VALENTINE, Clork.

OFFICIAL. | Board of Assistant Aldermon. STATED SESSION.... MONDAY, Jan. 27. Present—A. A. ALVORD, Esq. President, in the Chair; Assistant Ald. Moore, Haley, Mabbatt, McCarter, Boyce, Barr, J. B. Webb, J. Webb, Crane, Miller, Smith, Fleman, Pearsall, Sande, Ward, Bolster, Ely, Edwards.

By Assistant Ald. Bolater.—Of Robert Stimpson and others, for free hydrant in 9th-av. between 58th and 58th sts. To Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

By Assistant Ald. Miller.—Of Jacob La Forge and others, for pler foot of Rivington-st. To Committee on Wharves,

By Assistant Ald. Bolster.—Of Dr. N. C. Husted, for remuneration for medical attendance on the men wounded by the late calemity in 21st-st. To Committee on Finance. By Assistant Ald. Sands.—Of Richard Scott, to have either the street on Roads.

REMONSTRANCES.

By Assistant Ald. Bolater.—Of owners and occupants of houses and stores in 6th-av. against the proposed railway in raid Avenue. To Special Committee on Sixth-avenue Rail-road.

said Avenue. To Special Committee on Sixth-avenue Raifroud.

By Assistant Ald. Edwards.—Of Edward G. Falls and
others, against the removal of the Fulton-ferry bridge,
float, &c. to Burling-slip To Committee on Ferries.

REPORTS

Of the Committee on the Law Department—In favor of
confirming the following assessment lists, and appointing
Abner Sandford Collector therefor, viz:

For repulring the sidewalks in Christopher-st. from Hudson to Bleecker-st; for flagging sidewalk in Avenue D,
between 2d and 16th sts; for regulating, paving, setting
curb and gutter stones, and flagging 25th st. from 2th to
lob-av.; for regulating, repairing, setting curb and gutterstones, and re-flagging Market at between front and South
siz; for sewer built in Lexington-av from 2th to 30th sts.
with a lateral branch in 25th st. terminating at the 4th-av;
for a sewer built in 5th st. from 360 feet weat of 2th sv. to
Sth av. Adopted by the following vote: Aftrmative—The
President, Assistant Ald. Moore, Haley, Mahbatt, McCarthy, Boyce, Barr, J. B. Webb, J. Webb. Crane, Miller,
Smith, Tleman, Pearall, Sands, Ward, Bolster, Ely, Edwards.

Of same Committee—In favor of concurring to conferm

Smith, Tieman, Pearsail, Sanda, Ward, Bolster, Ely, Edwards.

Of same Committee—In favor of concurring to confirm contract for filling sunken lots between 34th and 35th stand 1st and 2d avs. Adopted by the following vota: Affirmative—The President, Assistant Aid, Moore, Haley, Mabbatt, McCariby, Boyce, Barr, J. B. Webb, J. Webb, Crahe, Miller, Smith, Tieman, Pearsall, Sanda, Ward, Bolster, Ely, Edwards.

Of Committee on Sewers—To concur for sewer in Warren at from near Chapel-t to and through Greenwich to Murray-st. Adopted by the following vota: Affirmative—The President, Assistant Aid, Moore, Haley, Mathatt, McCarthy, Boyce, Barr, J. B. Webb, J. Webb, Canada, Miller, Smith, Tieman, Pearsall, Sanda, Ward, Box. Ely, Edwards.

Biller, Smith, Tieman, Pearsall, Sands, Ward, Box Ely, Edwards.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Assistant Ald Crane—Whereas, The pump in G. sasswoord at between Washington and West etc. is in a displasted and dangerous condition, and the water has been unifit for use for a number of years—therefore,

Resided, That the pump be removed and the well filled up, and that the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies cause the same to be done without dulay. Adopted.

By Assistant Ald. Mabbash—That the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies cause the webnic for at between Robinson and Vecey sts. to be repaired as soon as practicable, Adopted.

By Assistant Ald. Smith—That the sidewarks on S.W. Conver of lith-st, and Avecuse C be flagged, and that the referred to the Sirest. Commissioner to prepare an extended the first and Avecuse C be flagged, and that the referred to the Sirest. Commissioner to prepare an extended the flagged a space four feet wide. To Com. on Roads—FROM ECARD OF ALDERSEN.

Conventication from the Commissioner of Repairs and Short has relative to working 173d-at. as a commen country in the feth as the Union Ferry Company remove their Principles of Ferrics.

Recorded, that the Union Ferry Company remove their Principles on Ferrics.

Recorded on the excent lots on North side 10th at be-

In Loads, &c.

Indexed, that the Union Ferry Company remove their structure to Eurling slip, on or hefere ist May next.

In mittee on Ferries.

A venues A and B, be fenced in. To Committee on

Avenue A and B be repaired and flagged. To same

makers and Base repaired and nagged. To see temporal in favor of lighting the Bloomingdale Road, from 5th to 5th t